Boost Your **CREDIT SCORE**

- IT'S A -



Your credit score can affect everything from the interest rate on your loans to landing an apartment.



Your credit score is based on the information found in your credit report.



Knowing how long your activity remains on your credit report can help you better manage your credit score.

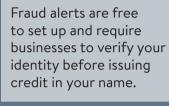


HOW LONG DOES INFORMATION **STAY ON MY CREDIT REPORT?***

*Timeline is approximate and may vary depending on local legislation

FRAUD ALERTS

90 DAYS





enough already-good thing it doesn't affect your credit score too!

SOFT INQUIRIES 1-2 YEARS

These are inquiries made for background check purposes, or by you. They do not affect your credit score.



PROMOTIONAL INQUIRIES 1 YEAR

credit card offers stay on file for one year but are not factored into your credit score.

mortgage in your near future, minimize the opportunities for hard inquiries to be made.

If you know you have an important loan or



CREDIT COUNSELING 2-3 YEARS

This includes records of

debts paid through a debt management program or credit counselor.

LATE PAYMENT HISTORY

7 YEARS

7 YEARS



TAX LIENS

to pay off tax debt.

This is a record of failing

7 YEARS



COLLECTION **ACCOUNTS**

This includes judgments (a court order that

allows the creditor

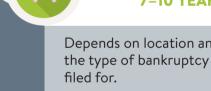
to use additional collection methods).



6 YEARS

ACCOUNT CLOSURES

For accounts closed due to debt or fraud.



Depends on location and

BANKRUPTCY 7-10 YEARS



If you declare bankruptcy more than once, it stays on record for longer.

BANKRUPTCY

(AGAIN)

14 YEARS

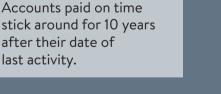
Good credit behavior contributes to your credit score for a long time—something to

stick around for 10 years after their date of

GOOD CREDIT

10+ YEARS

last activity.





in good standing!

consider before

closing an account

YOUR CREDIT REPORT CHECKLIST



Request your free credit report from each of the main credit bureaus. Review your personal

information and make sure that it's up-to-date.

Read your credit report. If you need help, visit the credit bureau's website for guidance. Report any unauthorized



activity to the issuing credit bureau.



Sources: Federal Trade Commission, Experian, TransUnion, LearnVest Planning Services